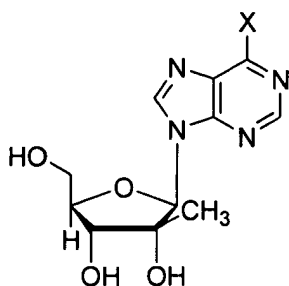


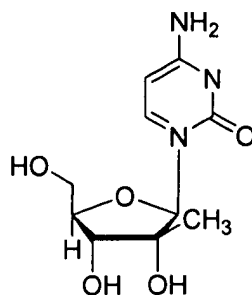
CLAIM LISTING

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Original) A compound according to Formula 1 or Formula 2:



Formula 1



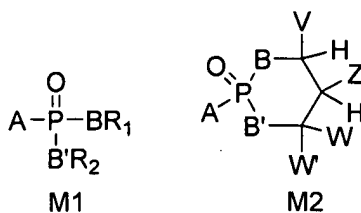
Formula 2

wherein X is selected from the group consisting of NH₂, NHCH₃, N(CH₃)₂, OCH₃, and SCH₃.

2. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 1 further comprising a moiety covalently coupled to at least one of the hydroxyl groups (OH) at the C2'-atom, C3'-atom, and C5'-atom of said compound, and wherein at least part of the moiety is preferentially cleaved from the compound in a target cell or target organ; wherein said covalently coupled moiety provides said compound in prodrug form.

3. (Original) The compound of claim 2 wherein the moiety comprises a cyclic phosphate, a cyclic phosphonate or a cyclic phosphoamidate.

4. (Original) The compound of claim 2 wherein the moiety has a structure according to Formula M1 or Formula M2

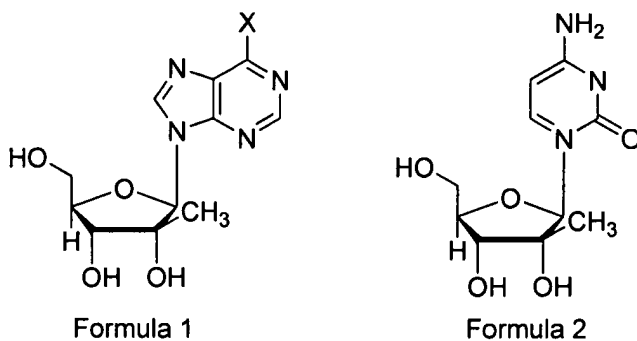


wherein A in M1 or M2 is O or CH₂ and replaces the 5'-OH group of the compound of Formula 1 or Formula 2;

B and B' are independently O or NH, and where B is NH then R₁ or R₂ is an amino acid that forms a peptide bond with the N atom of the NH;

and V, W, and W' are independently hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkaryl, each of which is optionally substituted, and Z is hydrogen, CHWOH, CHWOCOW', SW, or CH₂aryl.

5. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula 1 or Formula 2:



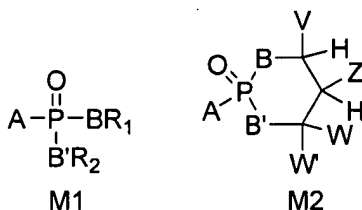
wherein X is selected from the group consisting of NH₂, NHCH₃, N(CH₃)₂, OCH₃, and SCH₃; and

wherein the compound is present in the composition at a concentration effective to inhibit viral RNA replication.

6. (Currently amended) The composition of claim 5 wherein the compound further comprises a moiety covalently coupled to at least one of the hydroxyl groups (OH) at the C2'-atom, C3'-atom, and C5'-atom of said compound, and wherein at least part of the moiety is preferentially cleaved from the compound in a target cell or target organ; wherein said covalently coupled moiety provides said compound in prodrug form.

7. (Original) The composition of claim 6 wherein the moiety comprises a cyclic phosphate, a cyclic phosphonate or a cyclic phosphoamidate.

8. (Original) The composition of claim 6 wherein the moiety has a structure according to Formula M1 or Formula M2



wherein A in M1 or M2 is O or CH₂ and replaces the 5'-OH group of the compound of Formula 1 or Formula 2;

B and B' are independently O or NH, and where B is NH then R₁ or R₂ is an amino acid that forms a peptide bond with the N atom of the NH; and

V, W, and W' are independently hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkaryl, each of which is optionally substituted, and Z is hydrogen, CHWOH, CHWOCOW', SW, or CH₂aryl.

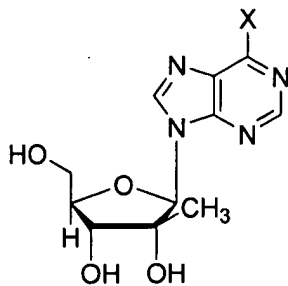
9. (Original) The composition of claim 5 wherein X comprises a nitrogen atom.

10. (Original) The composition of claim 5 wherein X is OCH₃ or SCH₃.

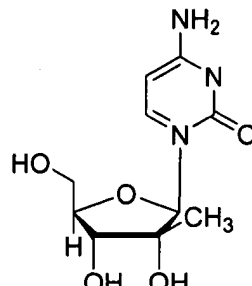
11. (Original) The composition of claim 5 wherein viral RNA replication is that of HCV.

12. (Original) The composition of claim 11 wherein hepatitis C virus replication is mediated by an RNA-dependent RNA polymerase.

13. (Original) A method of treating a viral infection in a mammal comprising:
presenting a compound according to Formula 1 or Formula 2 to a cell of the mammal
infected with a virus at a concentration effective to reduce viral propagation;



Formula 1



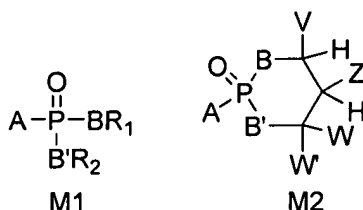
Formula 2

wherein X is selected from the group consisting of NH_2 , NHCH_3 , $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$, OCH_3 , and SCH_3 .

14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the viral infection comprises an organ inflammation.
15. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the cell is a hepatocyte.
16. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the virus is a member of the Flaviviridae.
17. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the virus is a hepatitis C virus.
18. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the step of presenting comprises intracellular presentation.
19. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising administering the compound as a prodrug to the mammal, wherein the prodrug is converted to the compound in the mammal.
20. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the prodrug is preferentially converted to the compound in the liver.
21. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the prodrug comprises an ester bond that is cleaved to yield the compound.

22. (Original) The method of claim 21 wherein the prodrug comprises a cyclic phosphate, a cyclic phosphonate or a cyclic phosphoamidate.

23. (Original) The method of claim 21 wherein the prodrug comprises a moiety having a structure according to Formula M1 or Formula M2



wherein A in M1 or M2 is O or CH₂ and replaces the 5'-OH group of the compound of Formula 1 or Formula 2;

B and B' are independently O or NH, and where B is NH then R₁ or R₂ is an amino acid that forms a peptide bond with the N atom of the NH; and

V, W, and W' are independently hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alkaryl, each of which is optionally substituted, and Z is hydrogen, CHWOH, CHWOCOW', SW, or CH₂aryl.

24. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising, administration of a second pharmacological molecule.

25. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the second pharmacological molecule is selected from the group consisting of ribavirin, interferon-alpha, interferon-gamma, and a molecule that induces expression of a interferon-alpha or interferon-gamma in the mammal.